

MAKING BUSINESS SENSE OUT OF THE WIDEBAND PROTOCOL FOR A DOCSIS NETWORK

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Broadband Market Dynamics

Global shifts are changing the broadband landscape.

- **Advanced technologies deployment**
 - DSL, fiber, wireless
- **Marketing hype capturing early mindshare**
- **Complex, bandwidth intensive services offered**
- **Competitive triple play offerings a reality**
- **\$B upgrades on infrastructure planned**



How can cable operators maintain their broadband leadership?

Cable's Bandwidth Leadership Gap

Case Study Details:

- 100K HHP with 500 HHP P/FN
- Service Group (SG): # of FN with equal service

Service	Channels	Digital BW	# SG	Capacity
Analog	79	60%	x 3.75 Mbps	x 1 SG = 0.3 Gbps 3%
Digital	43	33%	x 38 Mbps	x 1 SG = 1.7 Gbps 15%
VOD	8	6%	x 38 Mbps	x 50 SG = 15 Gbps 72%
DOCSIS	9	7%	x 38 Mbps	x 50 SG = 2 Gbps 10%
Total	131			19 Gbps

Bandwidth Used Today →

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Potential Bandwidth →

Capacity	131	x 38 Mbps	x 200 SG =	1000 Gbps
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Efficiency Today →

1.9%

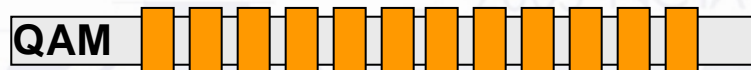
~~Change the Plant~~

Re-organize the bits

Don't allow **98%** of your network to go unutilized!

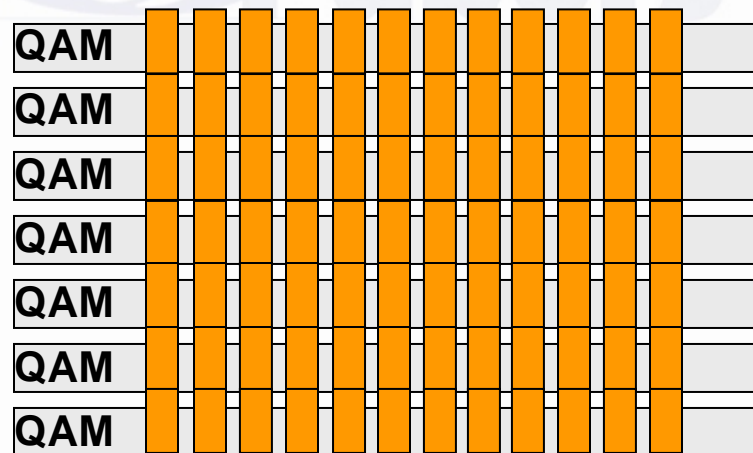
Optimizing HFC Packet Delivery with Wideband

Traditional DOCSIS Downstream Channel



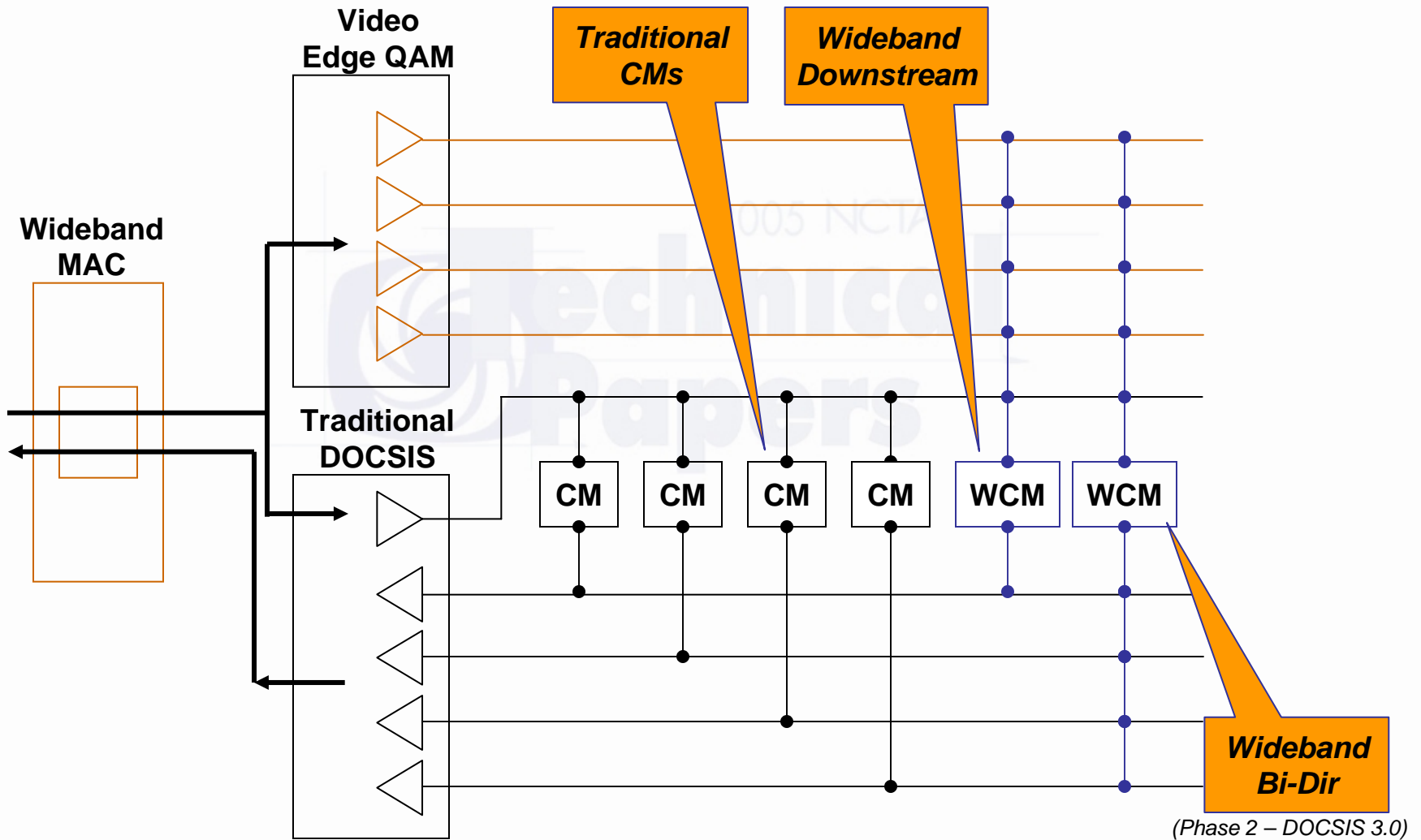
Single QAM
Channel

Wideband Downstream Channel



Multiple QAM
Channels

Wideband Architecture on Existing Deployments



Business Drivers for the Wideband Protocol

- **Increased Revenue**

- Expanded subscriber base
- Increased average revenue per user (ARPU)

- **Optimized CapEx Investment**

- Leverage existing infrastructure
- Reduced per port costs
- Improved network efficiency
- Scale to meet future requirements

- **Minimized Operational Costs**

- Compatibility with DOCSIS 1.x/2.0



Expanded Customer Base/Increased ARPU

Access Provider - Technology	Offered Throughput
Competitive Carrier - Fiber Overbuild	100 Mbps +
Incumbent Carrier- DSL	25 Mbps
Cable Operator	8 Mbps
Wireless/Satellite Provider	2 Mbps

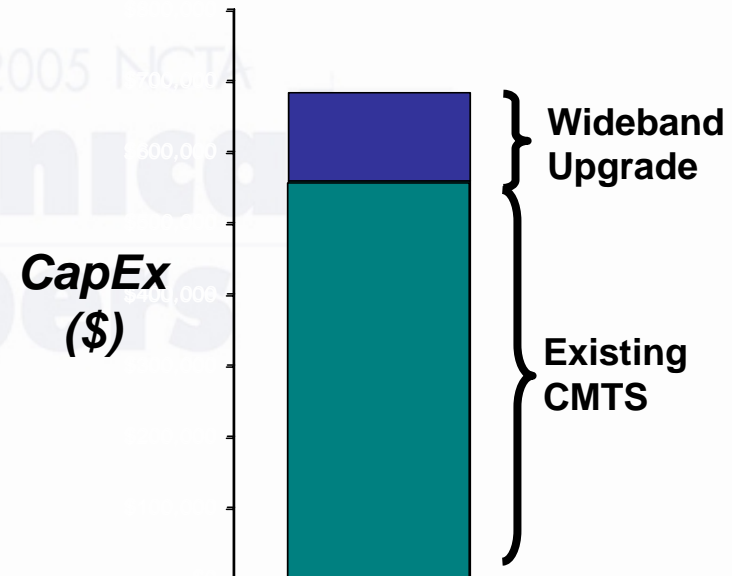
- Combat competitive technologies
- Demonstrate throughput leadership
- Attract/retain customers

- “Trade Up” to higher service tiers
- Support streaming content services
- Drive increased ARPU



Fully Leverage Existing Cable Infrastructure

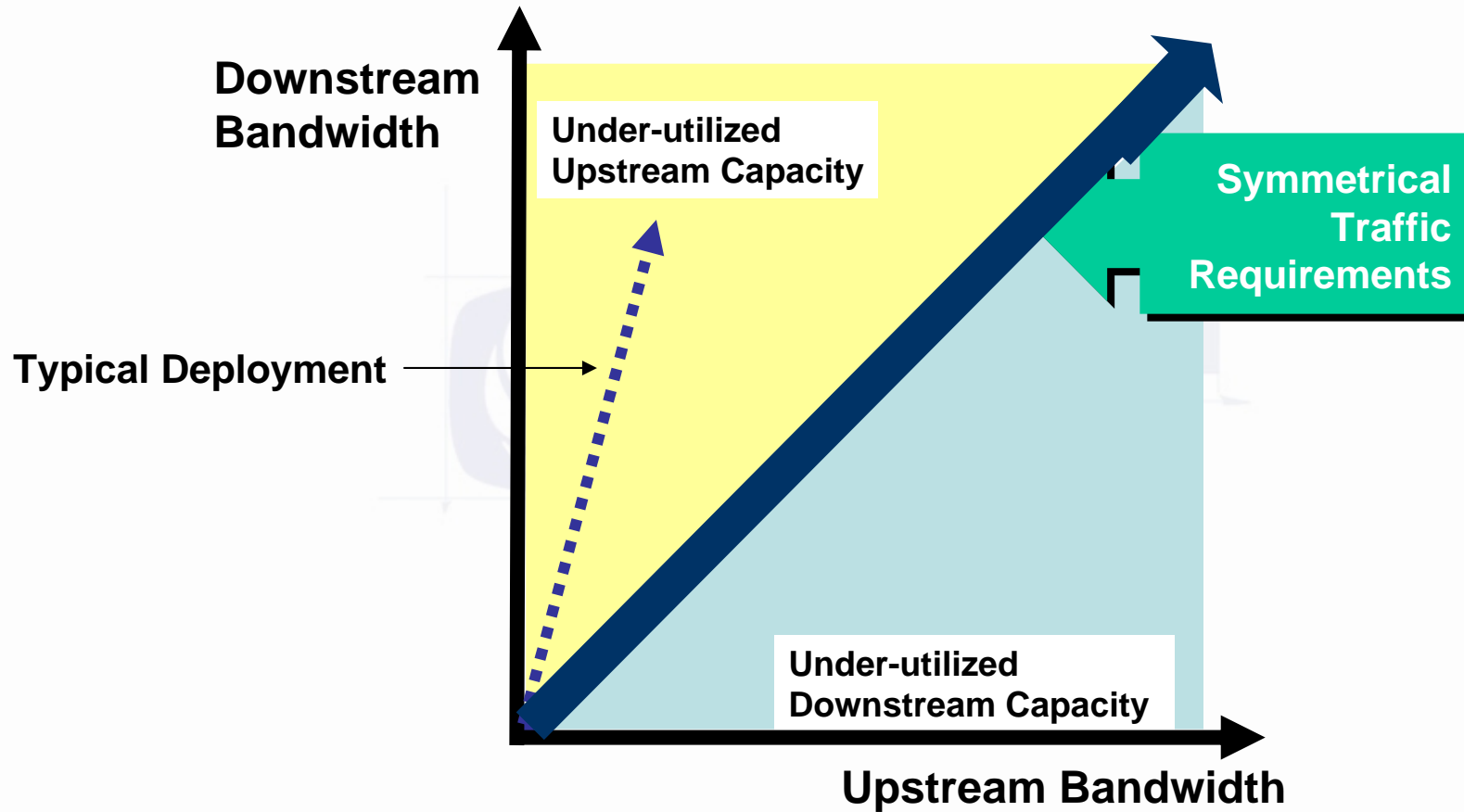
- **Exploit HFC Plant Potential**
 - Gig E throughput speeds achievable using current modulation techniques
 - No expensive plant upgrades / maintenance required
- **Leverage Existing Equipment**
 - Upgrade to existing CMTSs
 - Low incremental cost



Wideband Objective:

10x the bandwidth at 1/10th the cost!

Eliminate Stranded Ports

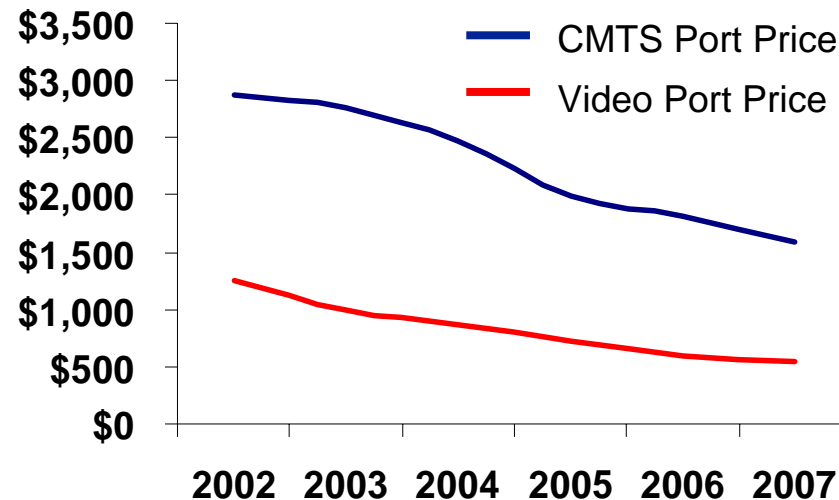


Wideband protocol leverages modular CMTS initiative to allow US/DS ports to be added independently of one another

Reduced DOCSIS Ports Cost

Downstream QAM cost:

- Capitalizes on existing lower cost asynchronous edge QAM devices
- Offers an early implementation of the Modular CMTS architecture



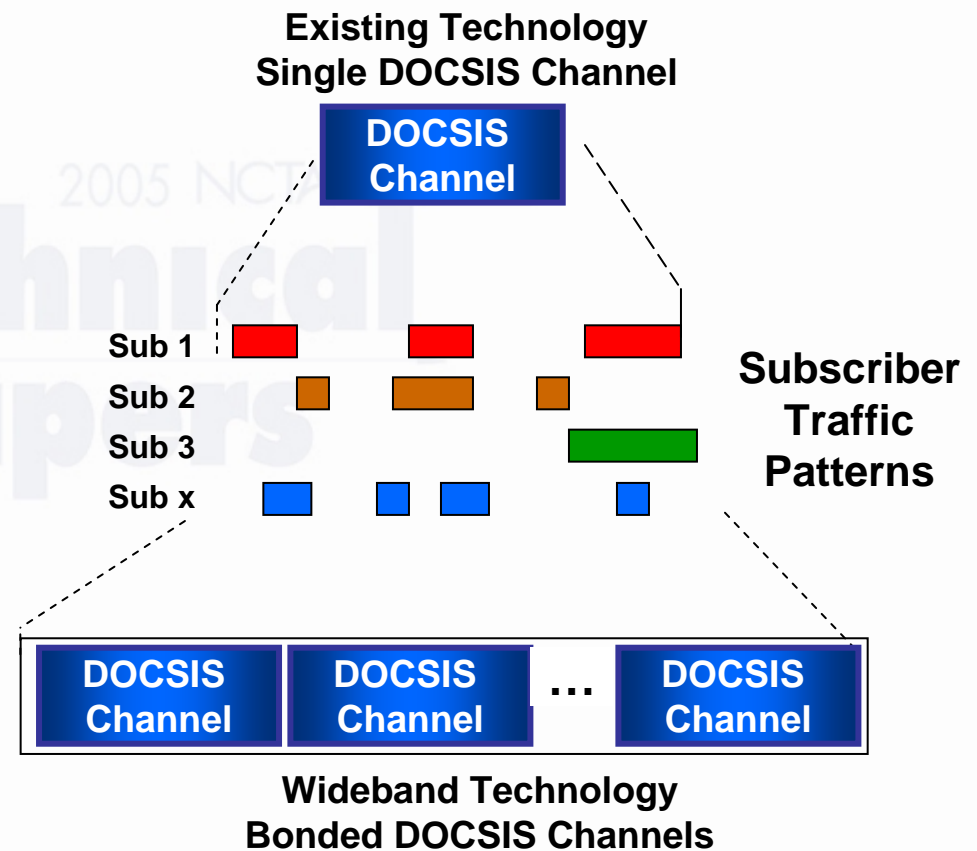
CMTS - Video Port Cost Comparison

Source: InStat/MDR 2004, Infonetics 2004, Cisco Analysis 2005

Improved Network Efficiency

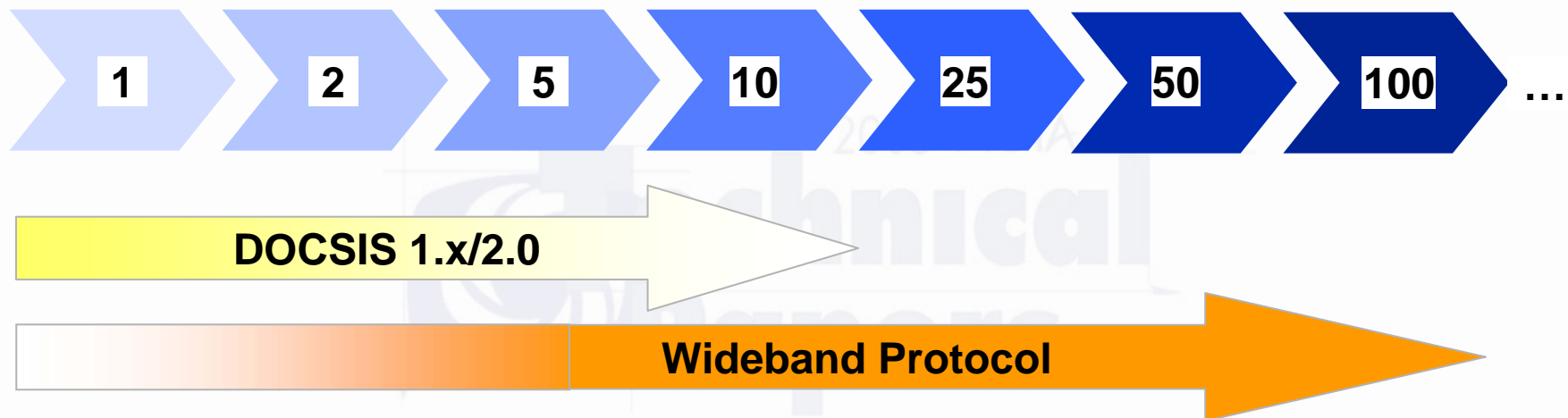
“Fat Pipe” Benefits

- Improves network utilization
- Offers statistical multiplexing gains
- Improves oversubscription
- Mitigates effect of move towards streaming content



DOCSIS 1.x/2.0 Compatibility and Future Scaling

Customer Peak Throughput (Mbps)



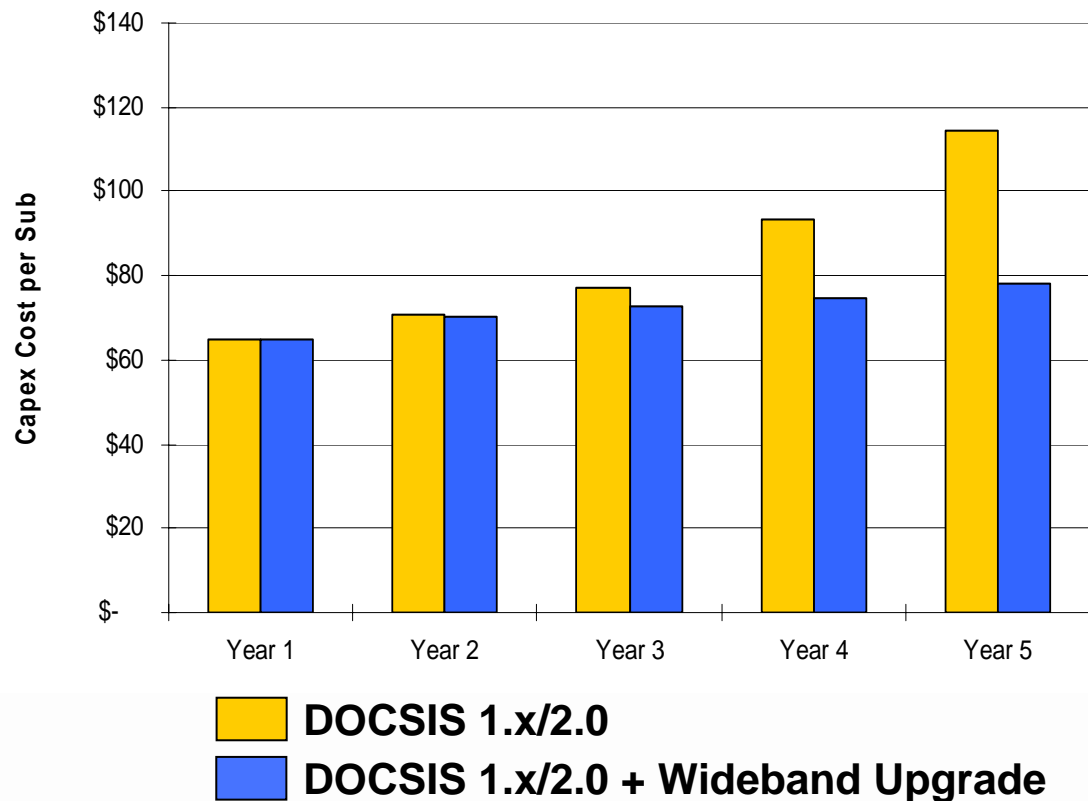
Ability to support data services of 100 Mbps and higher.

Evolutionary approach:

- Maintain DOCSIS 1.x/2.0 technology for low service tiers
- Introduce wideband as service demands increase
- Simultaneously serve all customers in a cost-effective manner

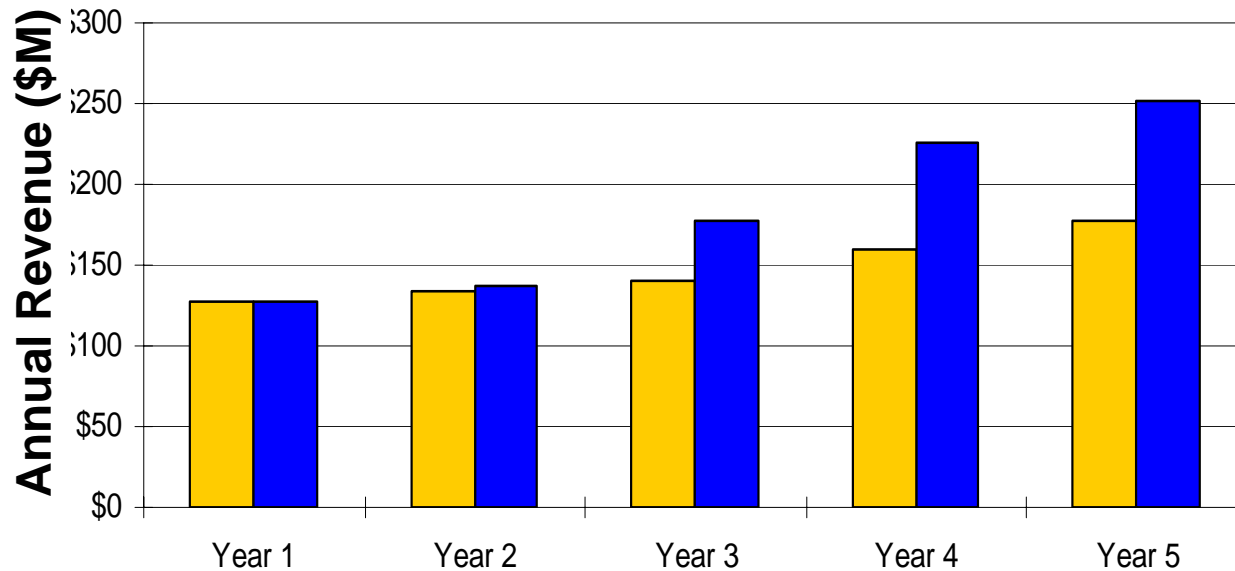
Wideband vs. DOCSIS 1.x/2.0 CapEx Comparison

- Optimize potential of HFC network
- Drive down CapEx as throughput increases
- Gracefully insert into DOCSIS 1.x/2.0 deployments



Service Mix - Peak 2 – 25 Mbps per sub

Impact of Wideband on Overall Business Plan



Business Case Improvements:

- Expanded service set: up to 100+ Mbps/sub
- 60 percent reduction in CapEx per Mbps
- Increased ARPU: \$10-\$20 per month
- Improved operating margins (500-700 basis points)

Wideband Protocol gives cable operators the ability to sustain and increase their broadband leadership.

- **Provides powerful competitive tool for broadband speed competition**
- **Enables advanced IP services to attract new subscribers, reduce churn rate, and generate revenues**
- **Leverages previous investments in HFC plant and CMTS equipment**
- **Overlays easily on existing deployments without requiring changes to operations**